

common sense and other writings

Common Sense and Other Writings is a pivotal work by Thomas Paine that played a crucial role in the American Revolution. Published in 1776, it laid the ideological groundwork for independence from British rule and has influenced political thought ever since. This article will explore the significance of "Common Sense," its key themes, its impact on society, and other notable writings by Paine that further articulated his vision for a new world.

Background of Thomas Paine

Thomas Paine was born on January 29, 1737, in Thetford, England. He worked various jobs, including as a corset maker and a tax collector, before emigrating to America in 1774. Paine's passion for social justice and political freedom was kindled by the Enlightenment ideals circulating in Europe at the time.

Paine's literary career began in earnest with the publication of "Common Sense," which quickly became a bestseller in the colonies. His ability to communicate complex ideas in accessible language distinguished him from many of his contemporaries and garnered him a significant following.

Overview of "Common Sense"

Published in January 1776, "Common Sense" was a pamphlet that argued for American independence from British rule. It was written in clear, straightforward prose, making it accessible to a broad audience, including those who were not well-educated. The pamphlet was an immediate success, selling over 500,000 copies in a population of roughly 2.5 million at the time.

Key Themes in "Common Sense"

- Critique of Monarchy:** Paine vehemently criticized monarchy as an illegitimate form of government. He argued that hereditary succession was absurd and that rulers were not inherently superior to their subjects.
- Natural Rights:** Paine emphasized the concept of natural rights, suggesting that all individuals are entitled to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. He believed that governments exist to protect these rights and that when they fail to do so, the people have the right to overthrow them.
- The Necessity of Independence:** Paine argued that remaining under British

rule was detrimental to the colonies. He presented the notion that America had the potential to be a beacon of freedom and democracy, free from the tyranny of foreign rule.

4. **Unity Among Colonies:** Paine stressed the importance of unity among the thirteen colonies. He believed that collective action was necessary for achieving independence and that regional differences should be set aside in the pursuit of this common goal.

5. **The Role of Government:** He articulated a vision of government as a necessary evil, something that should be kept as minimal as possible to ensure the protection of individual freedoms.

Impact of "Common Sense"

The impact of "Common Sense" on American society cannot be overstated. It galvanized public sentiment in favor of independence and encouraged colonists to rethink their relationship with Great Britain. Here are some key impacts:

- **Mobilization of Public Opinion:** The pamphlet reached a wide audience, prompting discussions in homes, taverns, and public squares. It played a significant role in shifting public opinion toward independence.
- **Influence on Leaders:** Many of America's Founding Fathers, including George Washington and Thomas Jefferson, were influenced by Paine's ideas. It helped solidify the philosophical foundations of the Declaration of Independence.
- **Legacy of Revolutionary Thought:** "Common Sense" has been cited as one of the greatest pamphlets in history. Its ideas on democracy, individual rights, and self-governance continue to resonate in contemporary political discourse.

Other Writings by Thomas Paine

While "Common Sense" is perhaps Paine's most famous work, he authored several other significant writings that contributed to his legacy as a revolutionary thinker.

The American Crisis

The "American Crisis" series, written between 1776 and 1783, was published during the Revolutionary War. Paine wrote these pamphlets to inspire and rally American troops and citizens during difficult times. The most famous line from this series is, "These are the times that try men's souls," which encouraged perseverance in the face of adversity.

The Rights of Man

Published in 1791 and 1792 as a response to Edmund Burke's criticism of the French Revolution, "The Rights of Man" is a defense of the principles of democracy and human rights. Paine argued that government should be based on the consent of the governed and that individuals have the right to revolt against oppressive regimes. This work further solidified Paine's reputation as a champion of political and social justice.

The Age of Reason

In "The Age of Reason," published in 1794, Paine explored the relationship between religion and rationality. He criticized organized religion and advocated for deism, the belief in a rational creator who does not intervene in human affairs. This work sparked significant controversy and debate, positioning Paine as a controversial figure in both religious and political circles.

Conclusion: The Enduring Legacy of Common Sense

Common Sense and other writings by Thomas Paine are cornerstones of American political thought. They not only inspired a revolution but also laid the groundwork for modern democratic ideals. Paine's arguments for individual rights, self-governance, and the critique of oppressive authority resonate powerfully today.

The principles articulated in "Common Sense" continue to be relevant as societies grapple with issues of governance, individual freedom, and social justice. Paine's legacy serves as a reminder of the power of ideas and the importance of standing up for one's rights in the face of tyranny. As we reflect on the impact of his work, it becomes clear that Paine's vision for a just and equitable society remains an ongoing struggle that is as vital today as it was in the 18th century.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the main theme of 'Common Sense' by Thomas Paine?

The main theme of 'Common Sense' is the argument for American independence from British rule, emphasizing the importance of self-governance and individual rights.

How did 'Common Sense' influence the American Revolution?

Published in 1776, 'Common Sense' galvanized public opinion towards independence, providing a clear and accessible argument that inspired many colonists to support the revolutionary cause.

What writing style does Thomas Paine use in 'Common Sense'?

Thomas Paine uses a straightforward, conversational style in 'Common Sense', making complex ideas accessible to a broad audience and encouraging widespread readership.

What are some key arguments presented in 'Common Sense'?

Key arguments include the critique of monarchy, the benefits of independence, the necessity of establishing a democratic government, and the idea that America has a unique destiny.

When was 'Common Sense' published, and how was it received by the public?

Published in January 1776, 'Common Sense' was exceptionally well-received, selling over 100,000 copies in just a few months and significantly influencing public sentiment.

What role does Paine assign to the American people in 'Common Sense'?

Paine assigns a pivotal role to the American people, arguing that they have the power and responsibility to create a new government based on liberty and justice.

In addition to 'Common Sense', what other writings are included in 'Common Sense and Other Writings'?

The collection typically includes other works by Thomas Paine such as 'The Crisis', 'Rights of Man', and 'The Age of Reason', showcasing his revolutionary ideas and advocacy for reason and human rights.

How does Paine address the concept of government in 'Common Sense'?

Paine argues that government is a necessary evil, designed to protect the

rights of individuals, and that it should be limited, accountable, and based on the will of the people.

What impact did 'Common Sense' have on future political writings?

'Common Sense' set a precedent for political pamphleteering and rhetoric, influencing future revolutionary texts and democratic movements by advocating for rational thought and individual rights.

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